



REF: P10627

RENAL SYSTEM INNOPROFILE[™] MOUSE RENAL PROXIMAL TUBULAR EPITHELIAL CELLS



Product Type:Cryo-preserved Renal Proximal Tubular Epithelial CellsCatalog Number:P10627Source:Mouse KidneyNumber of Cells:5 x 10⁵ Proximal Tubular Epithelial Cells / 1mlStorage:Liquid Nitrogen

Mouse Renal Proximal Tubular Epithelial Cells (MRPTEpiC) provided from Innoprot are isolated by Innoprot from rat renal tissue. Mouse Renal Proximal Tubular Epithelial cells are cryopreserved at *passage one* and delivered frozen. MRPTEpiC are guaranteed to further expand for 5 population doublings in the condition provided by Innoprot.

Proximal tubular epithelial cells (PTEpiC) play a crucial role in renal function. They reabsorb nearly all of the glucose and amino acids in the glomerular filtrate, while allowing other substances of no nutritional value to be excreted in the urine. They are also a major site of injury in a variety of congenital, metabolic, and inflammatory diseases. To be able to study the relationship between tubular cells and a variety of renal diseases, the RTEpiC culture provides a useful in vitro model.

📀 Recommended Medium

• Epithelial Cell Medium Kit (Reference: P60106)



Service Characterization

Immunofluorescent method

- Cytokeratin-18
- o Cytokeratin-19
- o Vimentin

The cells test negative for HIV-1, HBV, HCV, mycoplasma, bacteria, yeast and fungi

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR CULTURING CELLS

IMPORTANT: Cryopreserved cells are very delicate. Thaw the vial in a 37 °C waterbath and return them to culture as quickly as possible with minimal handling!

Unpacking:

- For cryopreserved cells: If there is dry ice in the package and you are not going to culture cells right way, place cryovial(s) immediately into liquid nitrogen.
- 2. For proliferating cells: Spray the culture vessel (flask, plate or slide) with 70% ethanol for disinfection. Transfer the cells into 37°C, 5% CO₂ incubator and allow equilibrating for 2 hours. After cells have equilibrated, remove shipping medium from the culture vessel and replace with fresh medium.

Set up culture after receiving the order:

- Prepare a poly-L-lysine coated flask (2 μg/cm², T-75 flask is recommended). Add 10 ml of sterile water to a T-75 flask and then add 150 μl of poly-Llysine stock solution (1 mg/ml, Innoprot cat. no. PLL). Leave the flask in incubator overnight (minimum one hour at 37°C incubator).
- 2. Prepare complete medium: decontaminate the external surfaces of medium and medium supplements with 70% ethanol and transfer them to sterile field. Aseptically open each supplement tube and add them to the basal medium with a pipette. Rinse each tube with medium to recover the entire volume.
- 3. Rinse the poly-L-lysine coated flask with sterile water twice and add 20 ml of complete medium to the flask. Leave the flask in the hood and go to thaw the cells.

- 4. Place the vial in a 37°C waterbath, hold and rotate the vial gently until the contents are completely thawed. Remove the vial from the waterbath immediately, wipe it dry, rinse the vial with 70% ethanol and transfer it to a sterile field. Remove the cap, being careful not to touch the interior threads with fingers. Using a 1 ml eppendorf pipette gently resuspend the contents of the vial.
- 5. Dispense the contents of the vial into the equilibrated, poly-L-lysine coated culture vessels. A seeding density of 7,500 cells/cm2 is recommended.
- Note: Dilution and centrifugation of cells after thawing are not recommended since these actions are more harmful to the cells than the effect of DMSO residue in the culture. It is also important that RRTEpiC are plated in poly-L-lysine coated flask that promotes cell attachment and growth.
- 6. Replace the cap or cover, and gently rock the vessel to distribute the cells evenly. Loosen cap if necessary to permit gas exchange.
- 7. Return the culture vessels to the incubator.
- 8. For best result, do not disturb the culture for at least 16 hours after the culture has been initiated. Change the growth medium the next day to remove the residual DMSO and unattached cells, then every other day thereafter.

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Maintenance of Culture:

- Change the medium to fresh 1. supplemented medium the next morning after establishing a culture from cryopreserved cells.
- 2. Change the medium every three days thereafter, until the culture is approximately 70% confluent.
- 3. Once the culture reaches 70% confluence, change medium every other day until the culture is approximately 90% confluent

Subculture:

- 1. Subculture the cells when they are over 90% confluent.
- 2. Prepare poly-L-lysine coated cell culture flasks ($2 \mu g/cm^2$).
- 3. Warm medium, trypsin/EDTA solution (T/E,), trypsin neutralization solution (TNS), and DPBS (Ca++ and Mg++ free) to room temperature. We do not recommend warming the reagents and medium at 37°C waterbath prior to use.
- Note: DPBS, trypsin/EDTA solution & trypsin neutralization solution are included in the "Primary Cells Detach Kit provided by Innoprot (Cat. N° P60305).
- 4. Rinse the cells with DPBS.
- 5. Add 8 ml of DPBS first and then 2 ml of trypsin/EDTA solution into flask (in the case of T-75 flask); gently rock the flask to make sure cells are covered by trypsin/EDTA solution; incubate the flask at 37°C incubator for 2 minutes or until cells are completely rounded up (monitored with inverted microscope). During incubation, prepare a 50 ml conical centrifuge tube with 5 ml of fetal bovine serum (FBS); transfer

percent of cells may detached); continue incubate the flask at 37°C for 1 or 2 minutes more (no solution in the flask at this moment); at the end of trypsinisation, one hand hold one side of flask and the other hand gently tap the other side of the flask to detach cells from attachment; check the flask under inverted microscope to make sure all cells are detached, add 5 ml of trypsin neutralization solution to the flask and transfer detached cells to the 50 ml centrifuge tube; add another 5 ml of TNS to harvest the residue cells and transfer it to the 50 ml centrifuge tube. Examine the flask under inverted microscope to make sure the cell harvesting is successful by

trypsin/EDTA solution from the flask to the 50 ml centrifuge tube (a few

6. Centrifuge the 50 ml centrifuge tube (harvested cell suspension) at 1000 rpm (Beckman Coulter Allegra 6R centrifuge or similar) for 5 min; resuspend cells in growth medium.

looking at the number of cells left

behind. There should be less than 5%.

7. Count cells and plate cells in a new, poly-L-lysine coated flask with cell density as recommended.

Caution: Handling animal derived products is potentially bioharzadous. Although each cell strain testes negative for microbial, diagnostic tests are not necessarily 100% accurate, therefore, proper precautions mush be taken to avoid inadvertent exposure. Always wear gloves and safety glasses when working these materials. Never mouth pipette. We recommend following the universal procedures for handling products of human origin as the minimum precaution against contamination [1].

[1]. Grizzle, W. E., and Polt, S. S. (1988) Guidelines to avoid personal contamination by infective agents in research laboratories that use human tissues. J Tissue Culture Methods. 11(4)

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